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TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION

Electrostatics -Part 5-6: Protection of electronic devices from electrostatic phenomena -Process assessment techniques

CONTENTS

FC	DREWO	RD	4	
IN	TRODU	CTION	6	
1	Scop	e	7	
2 Normative references				
3	Term	s, definitions, symbols and abbreviated terms	7	
	3.1	Terms and definitions	8	
	3.2	Symbols and abbreviated terms		
	3.2.1	Symbols	8	
	3.2.2 Abbreviated terms		10	
4	Perso	onnel safety	10	
5	Experience level required			
6		urement techniques for ESD risk assessment		
7		robustness of ESDS used in processes		
	7.1	General considerations		
	7.2	ESD withstand currents of single devices (components)		
	7.2.1			
	7.2.2	,		
	7.2.3			
	7.3	ESD withstand currents of electronic assemblies		
	7.3.1	Discharge of charged personnel	16	
	7.3.2	Discharge of charged conductors	16	
	7.3.3	Discharge of boards/systems	16	
	7.4	Voltage sensitive devices	17	
8	ESD	risk assessment flows	17	
	8.1	General considerations	17	
	8.2	Manual handling steps	18	
	8.2.1	General considerations	18	
	8.2.2	Parameter limits for ESD risk assessment in manual handling steps	18	
	8.2.3	Detailed ESD risk assessment flow	19	
	8.3	Conductors	21	
	8.3.1	General considerations	21	
	8.3.2	Parameter limits for ESD risk assessment of conductors	22	
	8.3.3	Detailed ESD risk assessment flow	22	
	8.4	Charged ESDS		
	8.4.1	General considerations		
	8.4.2	5		
	8.4.3			
	8.5	Risks due to process essential insulators		
	8.5.1	General considerations	27	
	8.5.2	Parameter limits for ESD risk assessment of process essential insulators	27	
	8.5.3			
	8.6	ESD risk assessment by ESD event detection		
	8.6.1	General considerations		
	8.6.2			
	8.6.3	•		

Annex A (infor	mative) Measurement techniques and equipment	33			
A.1 Gen	eral considerations	33			
A.2 Mea	surements of grounding	33			
A.2.1	Resistance measurement apparatus	33			
A.2.2	Low resistance meter (DC ohmmeter, multimeter)				
A.2.3	AC voltage check				
A.3 Mea	surements of contact resistance	37			
A.3.1	Background information and application to ESD risk assessment	37			
A.3.2	Surface, point to point or volume resistance measurements at 10 V and 100 V	37			
A.3.3	Surface, point to point or volume resistance measurements at voltages greater than 100 V	38			
A.3.4	Determination of contact resistance under ESD conditions	39			
A.4 Mea	surements of electrostatic fields	41			
A.4.1	General considerations	41			
A.4.2	Electrostatic field meter	41			
A.5 Mea	surements of charges	42			
A.5.1	General considerations	42			
A.5.2	Faraday pail	43			
A.5.3	Electrometer	43			
A.5.4	Current probe or CDM discharge head or Pellegrini target	44			
A.6 Mea	surements of electrostatic voltages	44			
A.6.1	Charged plate monitor	44			
A.6.2	Walking test kit	45			
A.6.3	Non-contacting electrostatic voltmeter (ESVM)	46			
A.6.4	Contact voltmeter	47			
A.7 Mea	surements of discharge events	48			
A.7.1	Antenna with oscilloscope	48			
A.7.2	ESD event detectors	50			
A.8 Mea	surements of discharge currents	50			
A.8.1	General considerations	50			
A.8.2	Current probe	51			
A.8.3	Pellegrini target	53			
A.8.4	CDM test head	54			
Annex B (infor	mative) Grounding of automated handling equipment (AHE)	56			
B.1 Bacl	<pre>kground information</pre>	56			
B.2 Test	equipment	56			
B.3 Test	procedure	57			
B.4 Sug	gested equipment grounding guidelines	57			
	mative) Preparation: What is necessary to prepare an effective ESD nt?	59			
	practices				
	surement of temperature, humidity and basic electrostatic conditions				
-	her hints for preparation				
	mative) ESD risk assessment and mitigation				
	mative) Examples for defining limits in ESD risk assessment for risks				
due to charged personnel					
Annex F (informative) Example for ESD risk assessment in a "pick and place" process63					

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F.1 Pr	rocess description6	33
F.2 Pa	arameter limits and equipment6	<u>5</u> 4
F.3 E	SD risk assessment of "Pick operation"6	ծ4
Bibliography	۷6	6
Figure 1 – D	Pirect (best correlation) and indirect (least correlation) measurements to	
	SD risk	2
Figure 2 – F	low to assess ESD risk induced by personnel2	21
Figure 3 – F	low to assess the ESD risk induced by conductors2	24
Figure 4 – F	low to assess the ESD risk induced by charged ESDS2	26
	low to assess the ESD risk induced by process essential insulators	
Figure 6 – F	low to assess the ESD risk by detecting the electromagnetic radiation	
using ESD e	event detectors or antennas and oscilloscopes	32
Figure A.1 –	- Circuit diagram of experiments and simulations of contact resistance	39
Figure A.2 –	- Examples of current probes5	52
Figure A.3 -	- Example of a 4-GHz Pellegrini target5	53
	- Commercially available CDM test head used for discharge current	
measuremer	nts5	j4
	- Discharge current measured in the field and during device qualification	
)1
0	Schematic representation of a "pick and place" operation with two	33
		/0
Table 1 Da	naistance ranges of materials used in this desument	14
	esistance ranges of materials used in this document	. 1
	verview of possible instruments used for different scenarios to assess ESD 1	12
	Peak current ranges of CDM discharges of small and large verification	-
	oscilloscopes with a bandwidth of 1 GHz and 6 GHz according to	
	/JEDEC JS-002-2022 [28]	55

INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

Electrostatics -

Part 5-6: Protection of electronic devices from electrostatic phenomena – Process assessment techniques

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IEC TS 61340-5-6 has been prepared by IEC technical committee 101: Electrostatics. It is a Technical Specification.

This Technical Specification cancels and replaces IEC PAS 61340-5-6 published in 2022. This first edition constitutes a technical revision.

The text of this Technical Specification is based on the following documents:

Draft	Report on voting
101/734/DTS	101/741/RVDTS

Full information on the voting for its approval can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

The language used for the development of this Technical Specification is English.

This document was drafted in accordance with ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2, and developed in accordance with ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1 and ISO/IEC Directives, IEC Supplement, available at www.iec.ch/members_experts/refdocs. The main document types developed by IEC are described in greater detail at www.iec.ch/publications.

A list of all parts in the IEC 61340 series, published under the general title *Electrostatics*, can be found on the IEC website.

The committee has decided that the contents of this document will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC website under webstore.iec.ch in the data related to the specific document. At this date, the document will be

- reconfirmed,
- withdrawn, or
- revised.

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INTRODUCTION

This document describes a set of methodologies, techniques, and tools that can be used to characterize a process where ESD sensitive items (ESDS) are handled. This document's procedures are meant to be used by those possessing knowledge and experience with electrostatic measurements.

This document provides methods to determine the level of ESD risk that remains in the process after ESD control items and materials are implemented.

These test methods' objective is to identify if possibly damaging ESD events are occurring or if significant electrostatic charges are generated on people, equipment, materials, components, or printed circuit board assemblies (PCBA) even though there are ESD control precautions in place.

Sensitivities of ESDS are characterized by industry standard ESD testing and rated by their withstand voltages or withstand currents. This document is intended to provide methods to determine whether items of a given withstand voltage or withstand current are at risk in the process.

The wide variety of ESD control items and materials and the environment in which these items are used can require test setups different from those described in this document. Users of this document can adapt the test procedure and setups described in Annex A to produce meaningful data for the user's application.

Organizations performing these tests can determine if on-going process characterization is necessary, and if so, the time interval between observations. These observations can also be made when new products are introduced or when process changes occur. Examples of process changes include tools, fixtures, equipment, new items/products, and additional manufacturing steps.

The topics below are not addressed in this document:

- Program management: see IEC 61340-5-1.
- Compliance verification: see IEC TS 61340-5-4 [1]¹.

¹ Numbers in square brackets refer to the Bibliography.

1 Scope

This part of IEC 61340 establishes a set of methodologies, techniques, and instruments to characterize a process where electrostatic discharge (ESD) sensitive items (ESDS) are handled. ESD risk assessment covers risks by charged personnel, ungrounded conductors, charged ESDS, charged insulators, and ESDS in an electrostatic field.

This document applies to activities that manufacture, process, assemble, install, package, label, service, test, inspect, transport, or otherwise handle electrical or electronic parts, assemblies, and equipment susceptible to damage by electrostatic discharges.

This document does not apply to electrically initiated explosive items, flammable gases and liquids or powders.

The document does not address program management, compliance verification or program manager/coordinator certification.

Risks due to electromagnetic sources that produce AC fields are not considered.

Descriptions of measurement techniques are given in Annex A.

Annex B provides best practices for grounding automated handling equipment (AHE), Annex C summarizes the best practices to prepare an effective ESD risk assessment, and Annex D introduces mitigation measures resulting from the ESD process assessment.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 61010-1, Safety requirements for electrical equipment for measurement, control, and laboratory use – Part 1: General requirements

IEC 61340-2-3, *Electrostatics – Part 2-3: Methods of test for determining the resistance and resistivity of solid materials used to avoid electrostatic charge accumulation*

IEC 61010-2-030, Safety requirements for electrical equipment for measurement, control, and laboratory use – Part 2-030: Particular requirements for equipment having testing or measuring circuits

IEC 61340-5-1, *Electrostatics – Part 5-1: Protection of electronic devices from electrostatic phenomena – General requirements*